



The Mitochondrial Medicine Company

# Goal Attainment Scaling in Drug Development

Edwin Spaans  
Asterix Symposium  
September 19<sup>th</sup> 2017



Introduction

Mitochondrial disorders

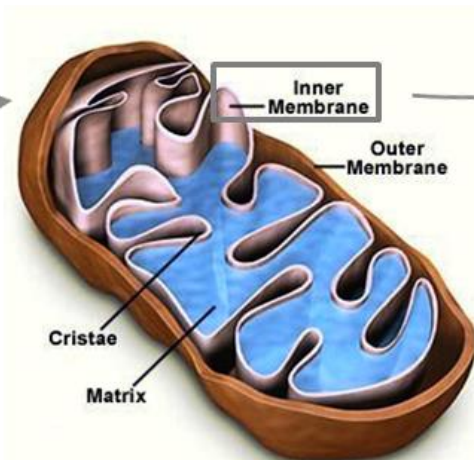
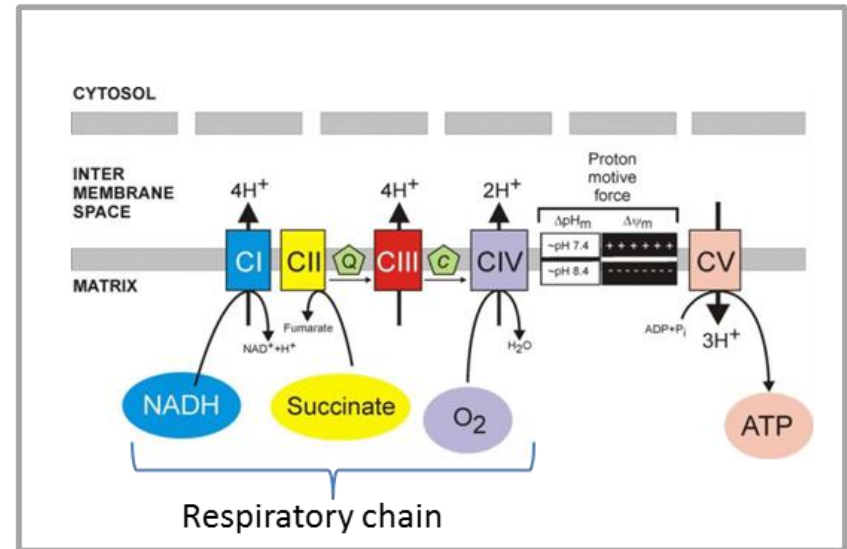
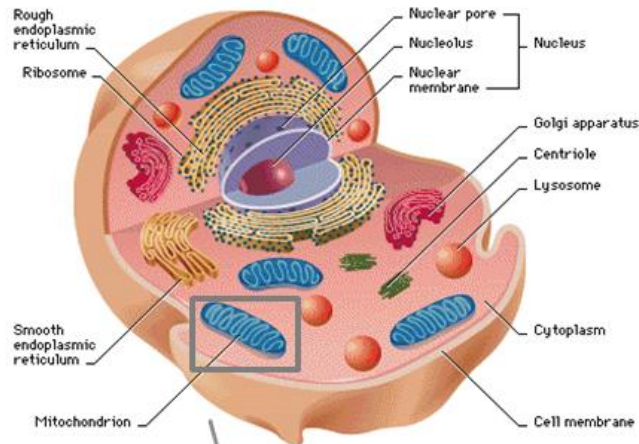
Use of goal attainment scaling

Use of endpoints in different stages of development

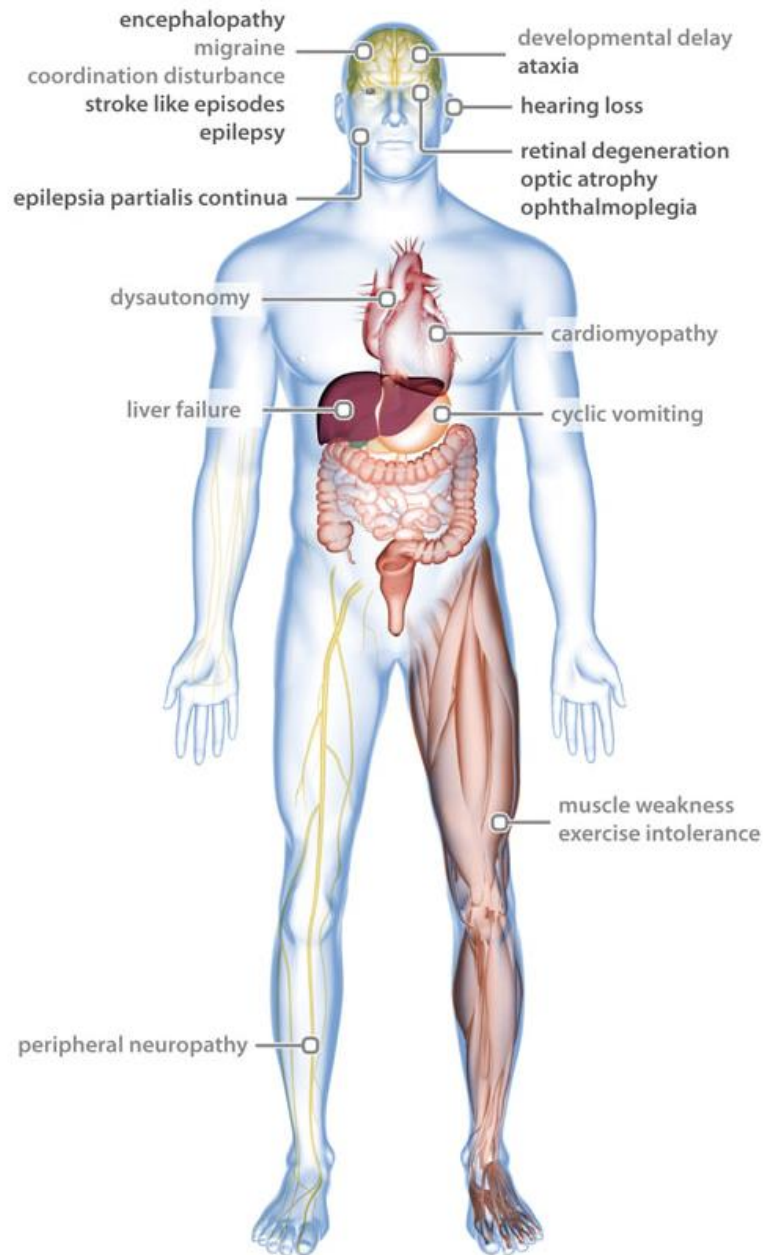


# Mitochondrial disorders

## OXPHOS system



# Mitochondrial disorders



Heterogeneous multisystem disorder

Prevalence 1 : 10.000

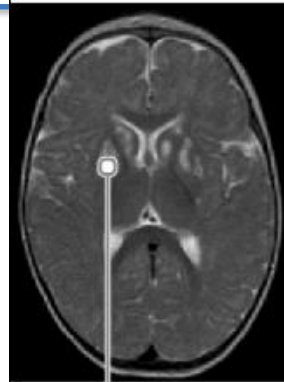
Any organ or tissue

Any mode of inheritance

Any Age

Devastating, often early fatal

# Mitochondrial disorders



Bilateral hyperintense signal abnormalities in the caudate nucleus, putamen & globus pallidus on T2 weighted images

lethargy  
seizures  
spasticity  
dystonia  
chorea  
ataxia

abnormal eye movements  
hypo- & hyperthermia  
apnea  
hyperventilation  
irregular respiration  
dysphagia

ophthalmoparesis  
optic atrophy  
retinitis pigmentosa

pallor

hypertrophic or  
dilated cardiomyopathy

renal tubulopathy

vomiting

hypertrichosis

muscle weakness  
hypotonia

short stature

peripheral  
neuropathy

cold acra



Leigh, MELAS, MIDD, NARP, Kearns-Sayre, Alpers-Huhenlocher, Pearson, Fatal infantyl Lactic Acidosis, mitochondrial myopathies, mitochondrial encephalopathies, ...

## Clinical:

SIMILAR PHENOTYPE: DIFFERENT BIOCHEMISTRY

SIMILAR PHENOTYPE: DIFFERENT GENE DEFECTS

SIMILAR PHENOTYPE: DIFFERENT DISEASE EXPRESSION

SIMILAR PHENOTYPE: DIFFERENT DISEASE COURSE

## Biochemical

SIMILAR BIOCHEMISTRY: DIFFERENT PHENOTYPES

SIMILAR BIOCHEMISTRY: DIFFERENT GENE DEFECTS

## Genetic

SIMILAR GENE DEFECT: DIFFERENT PHENOTYPE

SIMILAR GENE DEFECT: DIFFERENT BIOCHEMISTRY







## 6 minutes walk test:

- regulatory reference
- Variable, slight motivation: 30 % difference
- Sensitive?
- Only for the ones that can walk!

Exercise testing

Muscle strength

Biochemical biomarkers

Disease scales (patient and investigator rated)

QoL scales

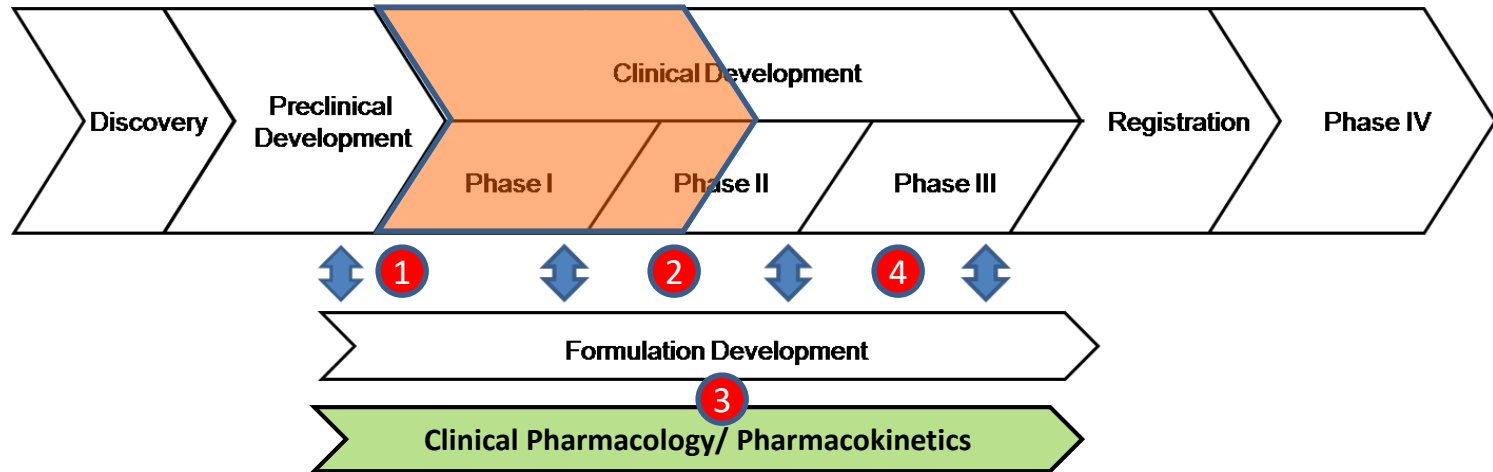
Cognitive testing

Specific organ functioning (eye, heart, etc)

....

Goal Attainment Scaling

# Drug Development Overview: Exploratory Development



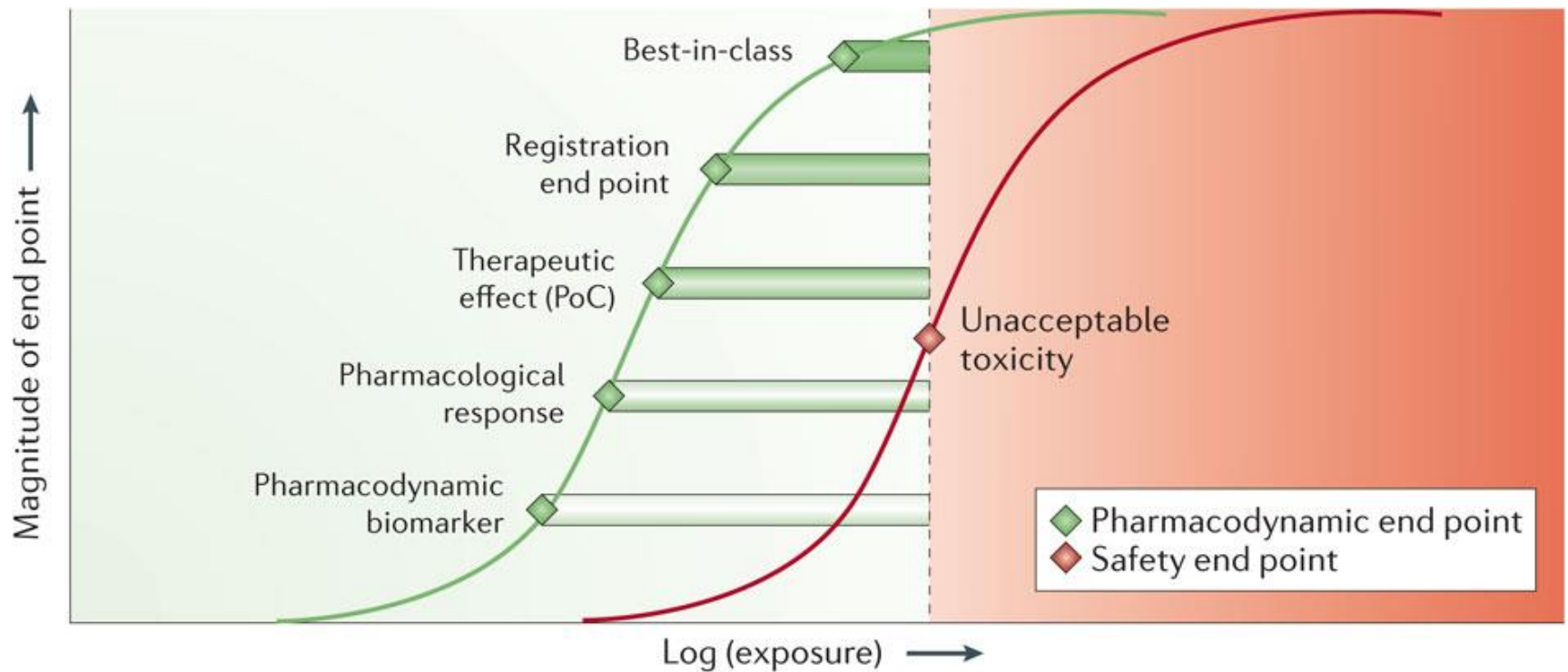
Orange: **Exploratory** Clinical Development;

From *'First in Man'* (1) studies up to *'Proving the Concept'* (2).

1. First-in-human study
2. Proof-of-concept study (POC)
3. Clinical pharmacology/PK studies (also regarded as "Phase I")
4. Pivotal Studies



# Translational Considerations in exploratory development: Get the dose right!!



**Nature Reviews | Drug Discovery**

Muller PY, Milton MN, *Nat Rev Drug Discov.*  
2012 Oct;11(10):751-61

The therapeutic index in relation to the pharmacodynamic endpoint

# Needs in Exploratory Development:

## *Signal detection to justify large studies*

### Goal:

- Get the dose right
- Justification for large studies

### Patient Population:

- Sensitive to treatment
- Measurable disease
- Homogeneous

### Endpoints:

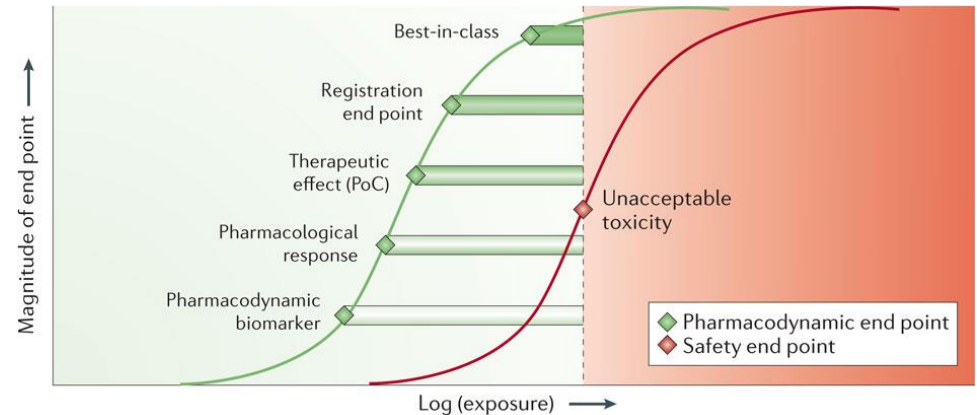
Objectively Measurable endpoints

Sensitive endpoints

Quantifiable endpoints, both in positive and negative directions

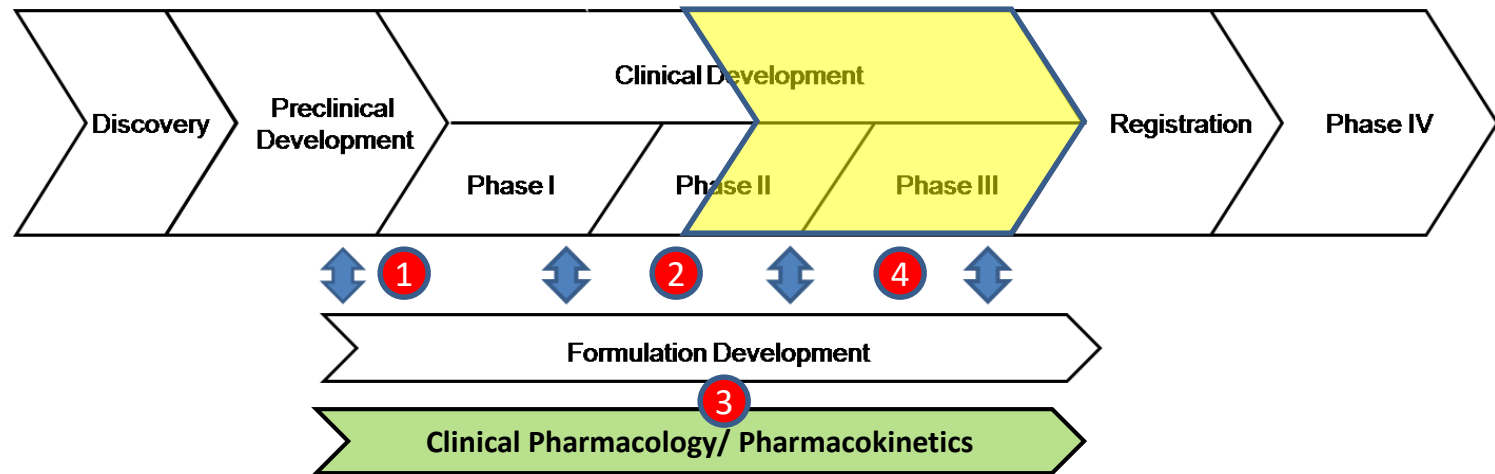
Preferably wide range of response

Goal Attainment Scaling?? Maybe



Nature Reviews | Drug Discovery

# Drug Development Overview: Confirmatory Development



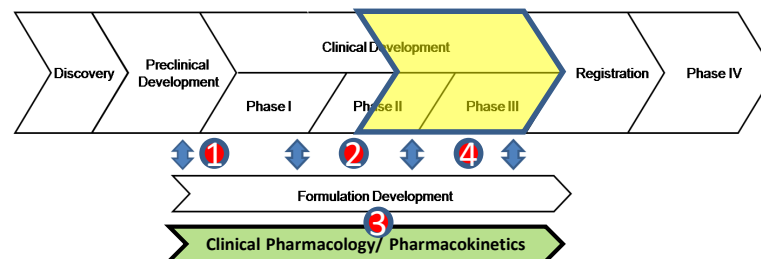
Yellow: Confirmatory Development (4)

From *'Proving the concept'* up to *'filing the dossier'*.

# Drug Development Overview: Confirmatory Development

Regulatory driven:

- 6 minutes walk test as anchor
- Other endpoints to be validated



Endpoints:

- Clinically meaningful
- Patient involvement
- QoL

Patient Population:

- Representative for the intended population

Goal Attainment Scaling? Definately!

Yellow: Confirmatory Development (4)

From '*Proving the concept*' up to '*filing the dossier*'.

# Questions?

---



Edwin Spaans:

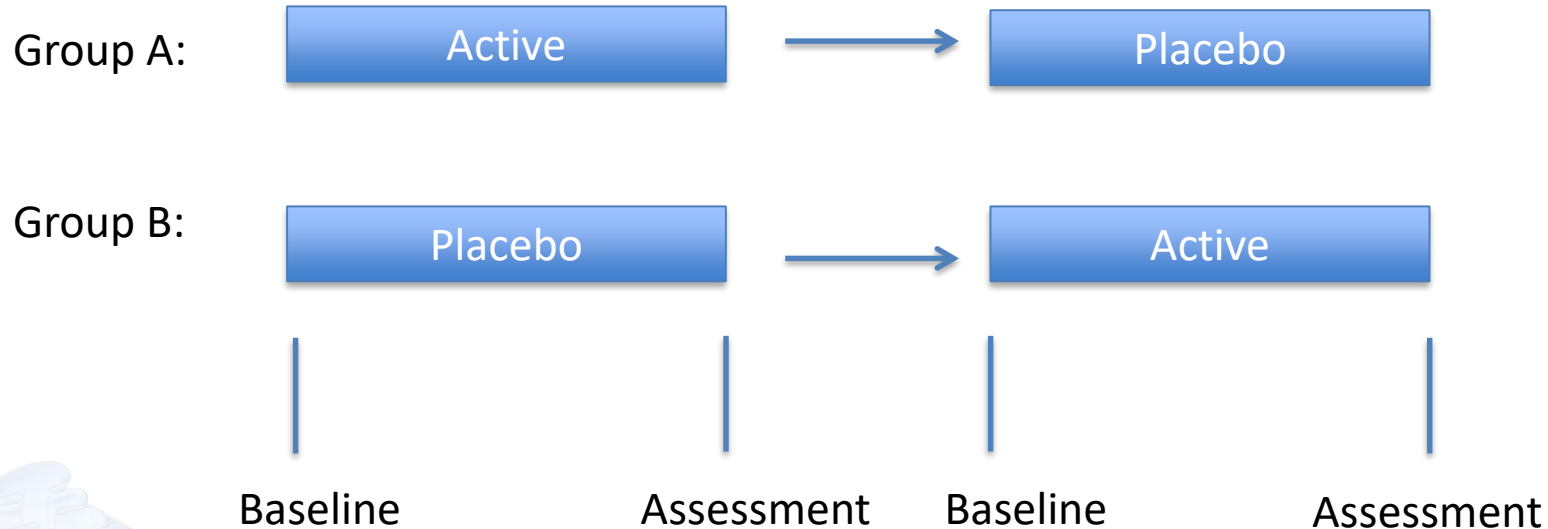
Tel +31 6 54997700

Email: [Edwin.Spaans@sdd-consulting.com](mailto:Edwin.Spaans@sdd-consulting.com)

Email: [Spaans@khondrion.com](mailto:Spaans@khondrion.com)



An exploratory, double-blind, randomized, **placebo-controlled**, single-center, **two-way cross-over** study with KH176 in patients with the mitochondrial DNA tRNA<sup>Leu(UUR)</sup> m.3243A>G mutation and clinical signs of mitochondrial disease





## Primary Objective

- To evaluate the effect of KH176 on gait (Gaitrite®) parameters: step-length and variability in step-time and step-width in patients with a m.3243A>G mutation

## Secondary Objectives

- To explore the effect of KH176 on biomarkers of mitochondrial functioning in patients with an m.3243A>G mutation.
- To explore the effect of KH176 on functional clinical measures of mitochondrial disease in patients with an m.3243A>G mutation.
- To investigate the tolerability and safety of KH176 following 28 days of oral administration to patients with an m.3243A>G mutation.
- To investigate the multiple dose pharmacokinetics of KH176 following 28 days of oral administration in patients with an m.3243A>G mutation.



## **Safety parameters:**

Change from baseline for vital signs (supine and standing blood pressure, and heart rate).

Change from baseline for ECG variables

Change from baseline for clinical laboratory variables

Treatment-emergent laboratory abnormalities up to Follow-up

Treatment-emergent ECG abnormalities up to Follow-up

Treatment-emergent abnormalities in cardiac monitoring (bedsite/Holter registration)

Treatment-emergent AEs up to Follow-up

Treatment-emergent AEs leading to discontinuation of study drug

Treatment-emergent SAEs up to 28 days after last study drug intake



## **Pharmacokinetics:**

Blood/urine collection

Plasma concentrations to derive:  $C_{\max}$ ,  $t_{\max}$ , and AUC<sub>tau</sub>, AUC<sub>0-t</sub>  
and time to reach steady state

## **Pharmacodynamics:**

Blood/urine collection:

- bioanalysis of Glutathione (GSH/GSSG)
- bioanalysis of FGF21, GDF15 and PRDX1
- a whole metabolome analysis
- Oxidative stress platform analysis

Note:

- exact sampling time is mandatory
- Register: time of dosing (precisely) and sampling time (precisely)
- Urine volumes



## Efficacy parameters:

Change from baseline (defined as the value measured at pre-dose Day -2 and -1) in:

Gait parameters: cadence, walking speed, right and left step and stride lengths, and times  
NMDAS Score

Spirometric parameters: FVC, FEV1, PEF, MIP, MEP

30-Seconds sit – stand test: Number of standings

Handgrip dynamometry: Maximum grip strength

6 Minutes Chewing test: VAS pain, VAS tiredness, Rate of Mastication, quality of movement

6 Minutes Walk Test (part of the gait evaluation protocol): Distance and Distance/minute

RAND-SF36 score

Hospital Anxiety and Depression Scale (HAD), supplemented with a Beck Depression Index (BDI)

Checklist Individual Strength (CIS)

Test of Attentional Performance (TAP): Alertness and Mental Flexibility

In addition:

an assessment of a Goal Attainment Scale (GAS)

a diary of Diet and Gastro-Intestinal Functioning

and a continuous registration of motor activity and sleeping pattern



## Treatment A and B

Assessment			Treatment A and B							
	Screening	Training	Baseline (Day-2/-1)	Week 1 (Day 1-3)	Week 1 (Day 4-6)	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4 (up to day 26)	Week 4 Day 27/28	Follow up
KH176 BID dosing				x	x	x	x	x	x	
Hospitalization (5)			x	x					x	
Ambulant visits (2)	x					x	x	x		x
Adverse events recording(6)	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
ECG recording(7)			x	x		x	x		x	x
Cardiac evaluation, incl echo	x									x
Safety evaluation block(1)			x	x		x	x	x		x
Holter registration			Continuous(8)							
Sampling for biomarker assessments (4)			x						x	

Hospitalization (5)			x	x					x	
Ambulant visits (2)	x					x	x	x		x
Adverse events recording(6)	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
ECG recording(7)			x	x		x	x		x	x
Cardiac evaluation, incl echo	x									x
Safety evaluation block(1)			x	x		x	x	x		x
Holter registration			Continuous(8)							
Sampling for biomarker assessments (4)			x						x	
Questionnaires (home based)			x						x	
Clinical Evaluation block		x	x						x	
Nutritional/ BMI/bio-impedance	x		x			x			x	x
Diary (diet)			x	x	x	x	x	x	x	
Accelerometer				x	x	x	x	x	x	
PK sampling (3)				x		x	x	x	x	